

Auditor's Independence Declaration under section 60.40 of the Australian Charities and Not-forprofits Commission Act 2012 to the Directors of Loddon Mallee Housing Services Limited

I declare that, to the best of my knowledge and belief, during the year ended 30 June 2016 there has been:

- i. no contraventions of the auditor's independence requirements as set out in the Australian Charities and Not-forprofits Commission Act 2012 in relation to the audit; and
- li. no contraventions of any applicable code of professional conduct in relation to the audit.

Andrew Frewin Stewart

61 Bull Street, Bendigo Victoria 3550 Dated this 6th day of October 2016 Adrian Downing Lead Auditor



Independent Auditor's Report to the members of Loddon Mallee Housing Services Limited

Report on the financial report

We have audited the accompanying financial report of Loddon Mallee Housing Services Limited (the company), which comprises the statement of financial position as at 30 June 2016, the statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income, statement of changes in equity and statement of cash flows for the year then ended, notes comprising a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information, and the directors' declaration.

Directors' responsibility for the financial report

The directors of the company are responsible for the preparation of the financial report that gives a true and fair view in accordance with Australian Accounting Standards – Reduced Disclosure Requirements and the Australian Charities and Not-for-profits Commission Act 2012 and for such internal control as the directors determine is necessary to enable the preparation of the financial report that is free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the financial report based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with Australian Auditing Standards. Those standards require that we comply with relevant ethical requirements relating to audit engagements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance whether the financial report is free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial report. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial report, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the company's preparation of the financial report that gives a true and fair view in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates made by the directors, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial report.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

Independence

In conducting our audit, we have complied with the independence requirements of the Australian Charities and Not-for-profits Commission Act 2012.

Opinion

In our opinion, the financial report of Loddon Mallee Housing Services Limited is in accordance with the Australian Charities and Not-for-profits Commission Act 2012, including:

- I. giving a true and fair view of the company's financial position as at 30 June 2016 and of its performance for the year ended on that date; and
- II. complying with Australian Accounting Standards Reduced Disclosure Requirements and the Australian Charities and Not-for-profits Commission Act 2012.

Andrew Frewin Stewart

61 Bull Street, Bendigo Victoria 3550 Dated this 6th day of October 2016 Adrian Downing Lead Auditor

Liability limited by a scheme approved under Professional Standards Legislation, ABN: 51.061.795.337.

STATEMENT OF PROFIT OR LOSS AND OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2016

| FOR THE YEA | IK ENDED 30 | 30NL 2010 | (Restated) |
|--|-------------|---|-------------|
| | Note | 2016 | 2015 |
| | ,,,,,,, | \$ | \$ |
| REVENUES FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES | | • | |
| Operating grants | | 10,057,334 | 10,021,347 |
| Capital grants | 3 | 231,085 | 910,410 |
| Rent | | 13,194,462 | 12,668,188 |
| Fair value gains/(losses) on investment properties | | 3,418,124 | (1,373,618) |
| Other Income | ٠ | 5,938,470 | 3,765,861 |
| Citisi ilitoriic | | | |
| TOTAL REVENUES FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIE | S , | 32,839,475 | 25,992,188 |
| EXPENSES FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES | | • | |
| Employee salaries, benefits and on-costs | | 10,336,390 | 8,427,774 |
| Travel and training | | 510,630 | 326,218 |
| Office costs | | 496,015 | 406,948 |
| Vehicle costs | • | 214,301 | 205,907 |
| Communication costs | | 194,339 | 145,759 |
| Support service delivery | | 34,568 | 14,071 |
| Administration | | 1,397,670 | 1,008,814 |
| Insurance | | 330,638 | 258,483 |
| Client costs | | 2,076,403 | 2,023,818 |
| Property costs | | 5,138,476 | 4,352,601 |
| Rent to owners | | 2,843,720 | 2,432,361 |
| Depreciation and amortisation | | 805,963 | 465,124 |
| Interest | | 2,144,893 | 3,283,940 |
| TOTAL EXPENSES FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIE | S | 26,524,006 | 23,351,818 |
| NET RESULT FOR THE YEAR | | 6,315,469 | 2,640,370 |
| Other comprehensive income | | | |
| Net gain/(loss) on effective part of cash flow hedge | | (411,423) | 886,934 |
| Merger equity contribution | | , - · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · | 4,559,083 |
| Other comprehensive income for the year | | (411,423) | 5,446,017 |
| TOTAL COMPREHENSIVE INCOME FOR THE YEAR | \R | 5,904,046 | 8,086,387 |
| | | *************************************** | |

LODDON MALLEE HOUSING SERVICES LTD TRADING AS HAVEN; HOME, SAFE A.B.N. 28 081 883 623 STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION AS AT 30 JUNE 2016

| | AS AT 30 JUNE 20 | 710 | · • |
|-------------------------------------|------------------|-------------|---------------------|
| | | | (Restated) |
| | Note | 2016 | 2015 |
| | | \$ | \$ |
| CURRENT ASSETS | _ | 5.055.564 | 7 206 446 |
| Cash and cash equivalents | 5 | 5,255,564 | 7,395,145 54,459 |
| Tax assets | 12 | 2 440 000 | 2,413,074 |
| Receivables | 6 | 3,140,969 | 2,413,074 |
| TOTAL CURRENT ASSETS | | 8,396,533 | 9,862,678 |
| NON-CURRENT ASSETS | | | |
| Property, plant and equipment | 8 | 18,114,023 | 16,497,251 |
| Investment property | 9 | 261,906,419 | 256,505,919 |
| Interest rate swap - cashflow hedge | 7 | - | 47,734 |
| Other assets | 10 | 1,321,612 | 1,028,538 |
| TOTAL NON-CURRENT ASSETS | | 281,342,054 | 274,079,442 |
| TOTAL ASSETS | | 289,738,587 | 283,942,120 |
| CURRENT LIABILITIES | | | |
| Accounts payable | 11 | 1,576,479 | 1,059,624 |
| Tax liability | 12 | 386,158 | - |
| Employee benefits | 13 | 1,422,267 | 1,293,728 |
| Interest bearing liabilities | 15 | 20,342 | 30,505 |
| Interest rate swap - cashflow hedge | 7 | 229,524 | 396,956 |
| Other | 14 | 6,269,924 | 7,916,318 |
| TOTAL CURRENT LIABILITIES | | 9,904,694 | 10,697,131 |
| NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES | | | |
| Employee benefits | 13 | 234,335 | 155,539 |
| Interest bearing liabilities | 15 | 49,271,428 | 49,196,487 |
| Interest rate swap - cashflow hedge | 7 | 531,121 | - |
| TOTAL NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES | | 50,036,884 | 49,352,026 |
| TOTAL LIABILITIES | | 59,941,578 | 60,049,157 |
| NET ASSETS | | 229,797,009 | 223,892,963 |
| EQUITY | | | |
| Accumulated surplus | | 229,797,009 | 223,892,963 |
| TOTAL EQUITY | | 229,797,009 | 223,892,963 |

LODDON MALLEE HOUSING SERVICES LTD TRADING AS HAVEN; HOME, SAFE A.B.N. 28 081 883 623 STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2016

| | Accumulated | Surplus | |
|---|-------------|-------------|-------------|
| | Surplus | Reserve | Total |
| 2016 | \$ | \$ | \$ |
| Balance at beginning of the financial year | 223,892,963 | - | 223,892,963 |
| Total comprehensive income for the year | 5,904,046 | - | 5,904,046 |
| Write back of revaluation decrement | - | . + | н |
| Change in Accounting Policy - Investment Property | ~ | • | - |
| Balance at end of the financial year | 229,797,009 | 34 | 229,797,009 |
| | | Revaluation | |
| | Accumulated | Surplus | |
| | Surplus | Reserve | Total |
| 2015 (Restated) | \$ | \$ | \$ |
| Balance at beginning of the financial year | 215,806,576 | ** | 215,806,576 |
| Total comprehensive income for the year- | 8,086,387 | _ | 8,086,387 |
| Write back of revaluation decrement | - | *** | • |
| Change in Accounting Policy - Investment Property | - | - | - |
| | | | |
| Balance at end of the financial year | 223,892,963 | - | 223,892,963 |

LODDON MALLEE HOUSING SERVICES LTD TRADING AS HAVEN; HOME, SAFE A.B.N. 28 081 883 623 STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2016

| 1 Of the term ended | FOR THE TEAR ENDED SO SOME 2010 | | |
|--|---------------------------------|--------------|--|
| Note | 2016 | 2015 | |
| | \$ | \$ | |
| CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES | | | |
| Grants received | 10,638,621 | 13,895,716 | |
| Other Income | 18,589,235 | 15,483,128 | |
| Payments to suppliers and employees | (24,827,697) | (20,189,280) | |
| Amounts (paid)/received from Australian Tax Office - GST | 403,405 | (606,518) | |
| Interest received | 22,366 | 302,995 | |
| Interest paid | (2,155,056) | (3,303,935) | |
| Net cash provided by operating activities 16 | 2,670,863 | 5,582,106 | |
| CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES | | | |
| Proceeds from sale of property, plant and equipment | 168,062 | 234,788 | |
| Purchase of property, plant and equipment | (621,742) | (710,841) | |
| Proceeds from sale of investment properties | 1,899,077 | 1,433,769 | |
| Purchase of investment properties | (6,037,708) | (5,765,622) | |
| Merger acquisition, net cash acquired | _ | 2,363,676 | |
| Purchase of other non-current assets | (293,074) | (1,028,538) | |
| Net cash used in investing activities | (4,885,385) | (3,472,768) | |
| CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES | | | |
| Proceeds (used in)/received from borrowings | 74,941 | (3,281,847) | |
| Net cash received from/(used in) financing activities | 74,941 | (3,281,847) | |
| Net decrease in cash held | (2,139,581) | (1,172,509) | |
| Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of financial year | 7,395,145 | 8,567,654 | |
| Cash and cash equivalents at end of year 5 | 5,255,564 | 7,395,145 | |

NOTES TO AND FORMING PART OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2016

NOTE 1: SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(a) Basis of preparation

Loddon Mallae Housing Services Ltd, trading as Haven; Home, Safe (HHS) has elected to adopt the Australian Accounting Standards - Reduced Disclosure Requirements as set out in AASB 1053: Application of Tiers of Australian Accounting Standards and AASB 2010-2: Amendmente to Australian Accounting Standards arising from Reduced Disclosure Requirements. Accordingly, the entity has also early adopted AASB 2011-2; Amendments to Australian Accounting Standards arising from the Trans-Tasman Convergence Project - Reduced Disclosure Requirements and AASB 2012-7: Amendments to Australian Accounting Standards arising from Reduced Disclosure Requirements in respect of AASB 2010-8; Amendments to Australian Accounting Standards - Disclosures on Transfers of Finencial Assats and AASB 2011-9; Amendments to Australian Accounting Standards - Properties of Programments and AASB 2011-9; Amendments to Australian Accounting Standards - Programments and AASB 2011-9; Amendments to Australian Accounting Standards - Programments and AASB 2011-9; Amendments to Australian Accounting Standards - Programments and AASB 2011-9; Amendments AND AASB 2011-9; AMENDMENT Presentation of Items of Other Comprehensive Income.

The financial statements are general purpose financial statements that have been prepared in accordance with Australian Accounting Standards - Reduced Disclosure Requirements of the Australian Accounting Standards Board (AASB) and the Australian Charities and Not-for-profits Commission Act 2012. The company is a not-for-profit entity for financial reporting purposes under Australian Accounting Standards.

Austrelian Accounting Standards set out accounting policies that the AASB has concluded would result in financial statements containing relevent and reliable information about transactions, events and conditions, Material accounting policies adopted in the preparation of the financial statements are presented below and have been consistently applied unless stated otherwise.

The financial statements have been prepared on an accrual basis and are based on historical costs, modified, where applicable, by the measurement at fair value of selected non-current assets, financial assets and financial liabilities.

The financial statements are prosented in Australian dollars, which is also the company's functional currency.

(b) Correction of prior period errors

(f) The company volunturity elected to classify Affordable Housing Assats (Lend and Buildings) for the financial year ending 30 June 2015 as investment Properly. As at 30 June 2015 land held at Wattlewood Estate, Carmin Downs, was classified in total as investment Properly. This reclassification included both the land to be relatined (fair value of \$1.6m) and the land to be sold (fair value of \$5.6m). The total fair value gain recognised on the Wattlewood land totalled \$2.6m.

The company has since identified that the land held for sale did not meet the recognilion criteria of investment property. As land held for sale, this should have been accounted for in accordance with AASB 102 'inventories'.

(ii) in the prior year \$538,794 of long service leave was classified as a non-current liability as it was not expected that those entitiements would be consumed within 12 months. As there was no unconditional right to defer the payment of this balance if the entitlement was taken, it should have been recorded as a current liability under AASB 101 'Presentation of Financial Statements'. On this basis, the amount of \$538,794 has been reclassified from non-current to current as disclosed below.

Given the material nature of the errors, the financial statements for the year ended 30 June 2016 have been retrospectively restated.

The table below provides a summary of the affected financial statement line Items for prior periods, as follows:

| | Previous Amount | Adjustment | Restated Amount |
|---|--------------------|--------------|--------------------|
| | \$ | \$ | \$ |
| 2015 | | | • |
| Consolidated statement of profit and loss REVENUES FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES | • | | |
| Fair value gains/(losses) on investment properties | 1,227,994 | (2,601,612) | (1,373,818) |
| NET PROFIT | 10,687,999 | (2,601,612) | 8,086,387 |
| Consolidated statement of financial position NON-CURRENT ASSETS | | | |
| Properly, plant and equipment | 7,190,080 | 9,307,171 | 16,497,251 |
| investment property | 269,414,702 | (11,908,783) | 256,505,919 |
| CURRENT LIABILITIES | 754,934 | 538,794 | 1,293,728 |
| Employee Benefits | 104,004 | 000,101 | thrastima |
| NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES Employee Benefils | 694,333 | (638,794) | 155,539 |
| Tithiotae persue | _ | • • • | |
| EQUITY | | | 200 500 500 |
| Accumulated surplus | 226,494,675 | (2,601,612) | 223,892,963 |
| As at 1 July 2014 Consolidated statement of financial position | | | |
| NON-CURRENT ASSETS | | | |
| Property, plant and equipment | 7,047,752 | 8,019,092 | 15,066,844 |
| Investment property | 260,862,486 | (8,019,092) | 252,843,394 |
| | • | | |
| EQUITY | 215,806,576 | _ | 215,808,576 |
| Accumulated surplus | ¥19'000'21.0 | - | 2,0,000,010 |

NOTES TO AND FORMING PART OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2016

(c) Property, plant and equipment

Each class of property, plant and equipment is carried at cost or fair value as indicated less, where applicable, any accumulated depreciation and impairment losses.

Land and buildings

Freehold land and buildings are carried at their fair value (being the amount for which an asset could be exchanged between knowledgeable willing parties in an arm's length transaction), less accumulated depreciation for buildings. Municipal rate assessments are reviewed annually to consider the fair value of these assets, and this information is supplemented by external property valuations obtained in accordance with the debt facility agreement held with the bank.

Where the asset is purchased or constructed during the current financial year, the directors have assessed that cost reflects fair value,

The cost of fixed assets constructed within the company includes the cost of materials, direct labour, borrowing costs and an appropriate proportion of fixed and variable overheads.

Increases in the carrying amount arising on revaluation of land and buildings are credited to a revaluation surplus in equity. Decreases that offset previous increases of the same asset are recognised in profit or loss. Each year the difference between depreciation based on the revalued carrying amount of the asset charged to the statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income and depreciation based on the asset's original cost is transferred from the revaluation surplus to retained earnings.

Any accumulated depreciation at the date of revaluation is eliminated against the gross carrying amount of the asset and the net amount is restated to the revalued amount of the asset.

Plant and equipmen

Plant and equipment are measured on the cost basis and therefore carried at cost tess accumulated depreciation and any accumulated impairment. In the event the carrying amount of plant and equipment is greater than the estimated recoverable amount, the carrying amount is written down immediately to the estimated recoverable amount and impairment losses are recognised either in profit or loss or as a revaluation decrease if the impairment losses related to a revaluation decrease if the impairment losses are recognised.

A formal assessment of recoverable emount is made when impairment indicators are present.

The carrying amount of plant and equipment is reviewed annually by directors to ensure it is not in excess of the recoverable amount from these assets. The recoverable amount is assessed on the basis of the expected net cash flows that will be received from the asset's employment and subsequent disposal. The expected net cash flows have been discounted to their present values in determining recoverable amounts.

Subsequent costs are included in the asset's carrying amount or recognised as a separate asset, as appropriate, only when it is probable that future economic benefits associated with the item will flow to the company and the cost of the Item can be measured reliably. All other repairs and maintenance are recognised as expenses in the statement of comprehensive income during the financial period in which they are incurred.

Depreciation

The depreciable amount of all fixed assets including buildings and capitalised lease assets, but excluding freshold land, is depreciated on a straight-line basis over the asset's useful life to the company commencing from the lime the asset is held ready for use. Leasehold improvements are depreciated over the shorter of either the unexpired period of the lease or the estimated useful lives of the improvements.

The depreciation rates used for each class of depreciable assets are :

| Class of Fixed Asset | Depreciation Rate | |
|---|-------------------|--|
| Motor Vehicles | 20% | |
| Funiture | 10% | |
| Computer Equipment | 33% | |
| Other Office Equipment | 20% | |
| Buildings - Non Affordable Housing Association Properties - Offices | 2% | |
| Buildings - Non Affordable Housing Association Properties - Other | 3% | |
| Leasehold improvements | 10% | |

The assets' residual values and useful lives are reviewed, and adjusted if appropriate, at the end of each reporting period.

An asset's carrying amount is written down immediately to its recoverable amount if the asset's carrying amount is greater than its estimated recoverable amount.

Gains and tosses on disposets are determined by comparing proceeds with the carrying amount. These gains and losses are included in the statement of comprehensive income. When revalued assets are sold, amounts included in the revaluation surplus relating to that asset are transferred to retained earnings.

(d) Employee benefits

Provision is made for the company's liability for employee benefits arising from services rendered by employees to the end of the reporting period. Employee benefits that are expected to be settled within one year have been measured at the amounts expected to be paid when the liability is settled, plus related on-costs. Employee benefits payable later than one year have been measured at the present value of the estimated future cash outflows to be made for those benefits. In determining the liability, consideration is given to employee wage increases and the probability that the employee may not satisfy vesting requirements. Those cash flows are discounted using market yields on national government bonds with terms to maturity that match the expected firning of cash flows.

(e) Cash and cash equivalents

For the purpose of the Statement of Cash Flows, cash includes cash on hand and at call deposits with banks, but excludes cash investments with more than 90 days to maturity.

(f) Comparative figures

Comparative figures for the previous year have been included as required.

LODDON MALLEE HOUSING SERVICES LTD TRADING AS HAVEN; HOME, SAFE A.B.N. 28 081 883 623 NOTES TO AND FORMING PART OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2016

(g) Revenue recognition

Grants

Operating and capital grants are recognised on an accrual basis in accordance with Accounting Standard AASB 118 - Revenue. Where grants received during the financial year were obtained on the condition that they be expended in a particular manner or used over a particular period, and those conditions were undischarged at batance date, the unused grant amount has been recognised as committed income for the subsequent period and disclosed at note 14 as a current liability.

Rent

Rental income derived from properties managed by, but not owned by, HHS is recognised on a cash basis, Rental income derived from properties managed and owned by HHS is recognised on an accrual basis.

interest revenue is recognised on a proportional basis when the payment is due, or the payment is received, whichever occurs first. Profit or loss on disposal of property, plant & equipment is determined when control of the asset has irrevocably passed to the buyer, All other revenues, including subsidies and other (eas for service, are recognised when the service has been provided, or the payment is received, whichever occurs first.

(h) interest bearing liabilities

interest bearing liabilities are recognised at the face value payable at the expiration of the agreed term. interest expense is recognised when payable.

(i) Financial Instruments

Initial Recognition And Measurement

Financial assets and financial liabilities are recognised when the entity becomes a party to the contractual provisions to the instrument. For financial assets, this is equivalent to the date that the company commits itself to either purchase or sell the asset (le: trade date accounting is adopted). Financial instruments are initially measured at felr value plus transaction costs except where the instrument is classified 'all fair value through profit or loss' in which case transaction costs are expensed to profit or loss immediately.

Classification And Subsequent Measurement

Finance instruments are subsequently measured at either fair value, amortised cost using the effective interest rate method or cost. Fair value represents the amount for which an asset could be exchanged or a liability settled, between knowledgeable, willing parties. Where available, quoted prices in an active market are used to determine fair value. In other circumstances, valuation techniques are adopted.

Amoriised cost is calculated as:

- the amount at which the financial asset or financial liability is measured at initial recognition;
- ĩI. tess principal repayments;
- plus or minus the cumulative amortisation of the difference, if any, between the amount initially M, recognised and the maturity amount calculated using the effective interest method; and
- less any reduction for impairment. IV.

NOTES TO AND FORMING PART OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2016

The effective interest method is used to allocate interest income or interest expense over the relevant period and is equivalent to the rate that exactly discounts estimated future cash payments or receipts (including fees, transaction costs and other premiums or discounts) through the expected life (or when this cannot be reliably predicted, the contractual term) of the financial instrument to the net carrying amount of the financial asset or financial flability. Revisions to expected future net cash flows will necessitate an adjustment to the carrying value with a consequential recognition of an income or expense in profit or loss.

- Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss
 - Financial assets are classified at fair value through profit or loss when they are held for trading for the purpose of short-term profit taking, or where they are derivatives not held for hedging purposes, or when they are designated as such to avoid an accounting mismatch or to onable performance evaluation where a group of financial assets is managed by key management personnel on a fair value basis in accordance with a documented risk management or investment strategy. Such assets are subsequently measured at fair value with changes in carrying value being included in profit or loss.
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Loans and receivables are non-derivative financial assets with fixed or determinable payments that are not quoted in an active market and are subsequently measured at amortised cost.

ñi. Held-to-maturity investments

Held-to-majurity investments are non-derivative financial assets that have fixed majurities and fixed or determinable payments, and it is the entity's intention to hold these investments to maturity. They are subsequently measured at amortised cost.

Available-for-sale financial assets ĺγ.

Available-for-sale financial assets are non-derivative financial assets that are either not capable of being classified into other categories of financial assets due to their nature, or they are designated as such by management. They comprise investments in the equity of other entitles where there is neilber a fixed maturity nor fixed or determinable payments.

Financial liabilities

Non-derivative financial liabilities (excluding financial guarantees) are subsequently measured at amortised cost.

vi. Derivative Instruments

Derivatives are held for hedging purposes and they are measured at net present value (refer to Note 7).

- The company designates cartain derivatives as either:
 (i) hedges of the fair value of recognised assets or liabilities or a firm commitment (fair value hedge); or
 (ii) hedges of highly probable forecast transactions (cash flow hedges).

At the inception of the transaction the relationship between hedging instruments and hedged items, as well as the company's risk management objective and strategy for undertaking various hedge transactions, is documented.

Assessments, both at hedge inception and on an ongoing basis, of whether the derivatives that are used in hedging transactions have been and will continue to be highly effective in offsetting changes in fair values or cash flows of hodged items, are also documented.

(i) Fair value hedge

Changes in the fair value of derivatives that are designated and qualify as fair value hedges are recognised in the statement of comprehensive income, together with any changes in the fair value of hedged assets or liabilities that are attributable to the hedged risk.

(ii) Cash flow hedge

The effective portion of changes in the fair value of derivatives that are designated and qualify as cash flow hedges is deferred to a hedge reserve in equity. Amounts accumulated in the hedge reserve in equity, are transferred to the stelement of comprehensive income in the periods when the hadged item will affect profit or toss and included in 'other comprehensive income'.

The gain or loss relating to any ineffective portion is recognised immediately in the statement of comprehensive income as an item of revenue or expense from operating activities.

Fair Value

Fair value is determined based on current bid prices for all quoted investments. Valuation techniques are applied to determine the fair value for all unitsted securities, including recent arm's length transactions, reference to similar instruments and option pricing models.

Impeirment

At each reporting date, the entity assesses whether there is objective evidence that a financial instrument has been impaired. In the case of available for-sale financial instruments, a protonged decline in the value of the instrument is considered to determine whether an impairment has arisen. Impairment losses are recognised in the Statement of Profit or Loss and Other Comprehensive Income.

LODDON MALLEE HOUSING SERVICES LTD TRADING AS HAVEN; HOME, SAFE A.B.N. 28 081 883 623 NOTES TO AND FORMING PART OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2016

Derecognition

Financial assets are derecognised where the contractual rights to receipt of cash flows expires or the asset is transferred to another party whereby the entity no longer has any significant continuing involvement in the risks and benefits associated with the asset. Financial liabilities are derecognised where the related obligations are either discharged, cancelled or expired. The difference between the carrying value of the financial liability, which is extinguisted or transferred to another party and the fair value of consideration paid, including the transfer of non-cash assets or liabilities assumed, is recognised in profit or loss.

(I) New Accounting Standards for application in future periods

At the date of authorisation of the financial report, a number of Standards and interpretations were in issue but not yet effective,

Standerd/Interpretation Effective For Annuel Reporting Periods Expected To Be Initially Applied In the Financial Year Ending

AASB 9 'Financial Instruments', and the relevant amending standards. 1 January 2018 30 June 2018

1 January 2019

30 June 2019

These standards are not expected to materially impact the organisation.

(k) Loases

AASB 16 Leases.

Leases of fixed assets, where substantially ell the risks and benefits incidental to the ownership of the asset – but not the legal ownership – are transferred to entitles in the company, are classified as finance leases.

Finance leases are capitalised by recognising an asset and a liability at the lower of the amounts equal to the fair value of the leased property or the present value of the minimum lease payments, including any guaranteed residual values, Lease payments are allocated between the reduction of the lease liability and the lease interest expense for the period.

Leased assets are depreciated on a straight-line basis over the shorter of their estimated useful lives or the lease term.

Lease payments for operating leases, where substantially all the risks and benefits remain with the leaser, are recognised as expenses in the periods in which they are incurred.

Lease incentives under operating leases are recognised as a liability and amortised on a straight-line basis over the lease term.

(i) Impairment of assets

At the end of each reporting period, the Company assesses whether there is any indication that an asset may be impaired. If such an indication exists, an impairment test is carried out on the asset by comparing the recoverable amount of the asset, being the higher of the asset's fair value loss costs to sell and value in use, to the asset's carrying amount. Any excess of the asset's carrying amount over its recoverable amount is recognised immediately in profit or loss, unless the asset is carried at a revalued amount in accordance with another Standard (eg in accordance with the revaluation model in AASB 116). Any impairment loss of a revalued asset is treated as a revaluation decrease in accordance with that other Standard.

Where it is not possible to estimate the recoverable amount of an individual asset, the Company estimates the recoverable amount of the cashgenerating unit to which the asset belongs.

(m) Trade and other receivables

Trade and other receivables include amounts due from customers for goods sold and services performed in the ordinary course of business. Receivables expected to be collected within 12 months of the end of the reporting period are classified as current assets. All other receivables are classified as non-current assets.

Trade and other receivables are initially recognised at fair value and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method, less any provision for impairment.

(n) Trade and other payables

Trade and other payables represent the (labilities for goods and services received by the entity that remain unpaid at the end of the reporting period. The balance is recognised as a current liability with the amounts normally paid within 30 days of recognition of the liability.

(o) Borrowing costs

Borrowing costs directly altibutable to the acquisition, construction or production of assets (including affordable housing properties) that necessarily take a substantial period of time to prepare for their intended use or sale are capitalised to the cost of those assets, until such time as the assets are substantially ready for their intended use or sale.

All other borrowing costs are recognised in profit or loss in the period in which they are incurred.

NOTES TO AND FORMING PART OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2016

(p) Goods and Services Tax (GST)

Revenues, expanses and assets are recognised net of the amount of GST, except where the amount of GST incurred is not recoverable from the Australian Taxation Office (ATO).

Receivables and payables are stated inclusive of the amount of GST receivable or payable. The net amount of GST recoverable from, or payable to, the ATO is included with other receivables or payables in the statement of financial position.

Cash flows are presented on a gross basis. The GST components of cash flows arising from investing or financing activities which are recoverable from, or payable to, the ATO are presented as operating cash flows included in receipts from customers or payments to suppliers.

Loddon Mailee Housing Services Ltd is a not-for-profit public benevotent institution, endorsed as an income tex exempt charitable entity under subdivision 50-B of the Income Tax Assessment Act 1997, and as such is exempt from payment of income tax.

(r) Critical accounting estimales and judgments

The directors evaluate estimates and judgments incorporated into the financial statements based on filstorical knowledge and best available current information. Estimates assume a reasonable expectation of future events and are based on current trends and economic data, obtained both externally and within the Company.

Kov estimates

(i) Impairment—general

The Company assesses impairment at each reporting date by availation of conditions and events specific to the Company that may be indicative of impairment triggers. Where an impairment trigger exists, the recoverable amount of the asset is determined. Value-in-use calculations performed in assessing the recoverable amounts incorporate a number of key estimates.

(f) Provision for impairment of receivables included in receivable at the end of the reporting period is an amount receivable from tenants in respect of rent in arrears amounting to \$98,128. While there is inherent uncertainty in relation to the collectability of this debt, the directors understand that the full amount of the debt is unlikely to be recoverable from the tenants, and therefore a provision for impairment has been made.

(s) New and amended standards

The Company have not added any new or amended standards which have impacted on these financial statements.

(t) Consolidation

During the prior year HHS merged with Preston-based housing provider North East Housing Services Ltd. An Asset Transfer Deed was signed on the 16/6/14, with the merger completed on 30/9/14, at which time HHS acquired the operations and not assets of North East Housing Services Ltd.

At behance date, the North East Housing Services Ltd entity has wound up operations. HHS had control of the entity during the 2015 year, and elected to disclose the asset balances held

within North East Housing Services Ltd below. North East Housing Services Ltd, included in Statement Of Financial Position of HHS.

| | | 2016 | 2016 | |
|-----------------------|--|-------------|-----------|--|
| | | . \$ | \$ | |
| Cash | | → | 483,430 | |
| Investment Properties | | • | 2,189,000 | |
| magamant triphemes | | | 2,672,430 | |

LODDON MALLEE HOUSING SERVICES LTD TRADING AS HAVEN; HOME, SAFE A.B.N. 28 081 883 623 NOTES TO AND FORMING PART OF THE PINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2016

| NOTE 2: COMPRE | HENSIVE INCOME | 2016 \$ | 2016 \$ |
|------------------------------|--|---|---|
| Compre | hensive income has been determined after: | | |
| (a) Che | rgling as expenses: | | |
| Depreci Amortis Annual | ents in provisions ation of property, plant and equipment ation of property, plant and equipment leave expense nyice leave expense | 484,478 321,487 130,935 76,400 | 454,898 10,226 167,609 214,870 |
| (b) Cred | diting as Income: | | |
| | received (loss) on disposal of property, plant and equipment | 22,355 (167,200) | 302,895 (71,635) |
| NOTE 3: CAPITAL | . Grants | | |
| pava p nusbat | the year specific purpose capital grants were received and either expended on non - cu at at year end. In accordance with Austrelian Accounting Standard AASB 118 - Revenu een recognised as operating income and the assets, where purchased, have been | rrent assels or e, these grants | |
| capital | sed and depreciated. The amount recognised as operating revenue are: | 2018 | 2016 |
| | | \$ | \$ |
| | Grants to acquire affordable housing properties | 231,085 | 910,410 |
| | | 231,085 | 910,410 |
| NOTE 4: REMUN | ERATION AND RETIREMENT BENEFITS | 2016 \$ | 2015 \$ |
| | emuneration paid to directors, | 131,000 | 78,498 |
| Include | ed in employee salaries, benefits and ชก-costs | 131,000 | 78,498 |
| | ND CASH EQUIVALENTS | 2016 \$ 1,680,362 | 2015 \$ 3,865,922 |
| | at bank y heid in trust | 10,964 | 4,975 |
| | daposit | 3,564,248 6,255,584 | 3,534,248 7,395,145 |
| Mone that a | y held in trust represents funds held on behelf of the Community Enterprise Foundation re being applied to α Tsunami reconstruction project in Sri Lanka. | Pły Ltd | |
| NOTE 6: RECEN | /ABLES | 2016 \$ | 2015 \$ |
| Accru | ed Income | 2,814,778 | 2,150,435 |
| Debto | ys and prepayments | 424,319 | 328,715 (66,076) |
| Less | Provision for Impalment of receivables | (98,128) 3,140,869 | 2,413,074 |
| Impai | iment of receivables The ageing of the impaired receivables recognised above are as follows: | 69,482 | 48,837 |
| | t to 3 months 3 to 6 months | 28,646 | 17,239 |
| | | 98,128 | 68,076 |
| | Movements in the provision for impaliment of receivables are as follows : Opening Balance | 68,076 | 57,118 |
| | Additional provisions recognised | 86,811 | 84,197 |
| • | Receivables written off during the year as uncollectable | (64,759) 98,128 | (75,239) 66,076 |
| | | 50,120 | 231013 |

NOTES TO AND FORMING PART OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2016

Past due but not impaired

Customers with balances past due but without provision for Impalment of receivables amount to \$53,440 at 30 June 2016 (\$56,924 at 30 June 2016). Management did not consider a credit risk on the aggregate balances after reviewing agency credit information and credit terms of customers based on recent collection practices.

The ageing of the past due but not impaired receivables are as follows:

| | | 10.858 |
|--------------------------|--------|--------|
| 1 to 3 months | 31,124 | 10,650 |
| 3 to 6 months | 2,861 | 1,448 |
| over 6 months overdue | 19,455 | 44,020 |
| of of a final mito a far | 53,440 | 56,324 |

NOTE 7: DERIVATIVES

The company is party to derivelive financial instruments in the normal course of business in order to hedge exposure to fluctuations in cash flow due to fluctuations in interest rates in accordance with HHS's financial risk management policies. HHS has entered into an interest rate swap contract, which requires settlement of net interest racetvable or payable at 30 day intervals. The fair value of the interest rate swaps at reporting date are recognised in the Statement of Financial Position as follows:

| · · | 2016 | 2015 |
|--|---------|----------|
| | \$ | \$ |
| Interest rate swap - cash flow hedge - Current Liability | 229,524 | 396,956 |
| Interest rate swap - cash flow hedge - Non Current Liability/(Asset) | 531,121 | (47,734) |
| Manager and Analy San | 760,645 | 349,222 |

Interest rate swaps are used to hedge cash flow risk associated with future transactions. Gains and lossos arising from changes in the fair value of derivatives are initially recognised directly in a hadge reserve in the equity section of the statement of financial position. At the date of the transaction, amounts included in the hadge reserve are transferred from equity and included in either the statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income or the cost of assets. The statement of changes in equity includes any transfers to and from the hedge reserve.

| NOTE 8: PROPERTY PLANT AND EQUIPMENT | Note _ | 2016 \$ | (Restated) 2015 \$ |
|--------------------------------------|--------|------------------------|--------------------------|
| Land at directors' valuation | -11 | 1,321,362 1,321,362 | 1,318,811 1,318,811 |
| | 8(a) | 1,021,002 | 1,010,011 |
| Buildings at directors' valuation | | 5,060,659 | 6,049,071 |
| Less accumulated depreciation | | (543,975) | (440,224) |
| Eddo Boddillatting approximen | 8(a) | 4,516,684 | 4,600,647 |
| Land held for sale | 8(b) | 4,425,973 | 6,632,466 |
| Fälifa (tájla ist) agrie | 747 | 4,425,973 | 5,632,466 |
| Leasehold improvements at cost | | 113,875 | 96,886 |
| Loss accumulated depreciation | | (43,087) | (32,526) |
| Foas sectification debiactions | 8(b) | 70,788 | 64,360 |
| Plant & Equipment at cost | | 2,720,493 | 2,269,526 |
| Less accumulated depreciation | | (1,180,411) | (1,071,464) |
| | 8(b) | 1,540,082 | 1,198,062 |
| Work in Progress at cost | | 6,239,134 | 3,774,705 |
| than the reducer of Arms | 8(b) | 6,239,134 | 3,774,765 |
| Total Property, Plant and Equipment | | 18,114,023 | 18,497,261 |
| * ** | | | |

⁽a) Land and buildings (other than Affordable Housing Assets classified as investment Property) are carried at their fair value, less accumulated depreciation on buildings to reporting date since date of last revaluation. Land and buildings were last re-valued on 30 Juna 2010 based on council rates notices valuations undertaken in 2010. As at reporting date, the Directors have assessed objective evidence to datermine that the carrying value of land and buildings is fair, based on current market date and subsequent apprecial of properties.

(b) Reconciliation of the carrying amounts of each class of assets:

| 2016 Carrying value at beginning of year Plus additions at cost Less disposals Less deprectation/amortisation Asset revaluation | LAND HELD FOR SALE 6,532,468 (1,106,493) | LEASEHOLD IMPROVEMENTS 64,360 16,989 - (10,561) - 70,788 | PLANT & EQUIPMENT 1,198,082 780,867 (58,103) (380,744) | LAND 1,318,811 2,551 - - 1,321,362 | BUILDINGS 4,608,847 11,588 - (103,751) - 4,516,684 | WIP 3,774,705 2,464,429 - - - - - - - 5,239,134 | TOTAL 16,497,251 3,278,424 (1,164,596) (495,058) |
|---|---|---|---|---|--|---|--|
| Carrying value at end of year | 4,420,810 | 10,100 | 1 ₁ 0-t0 ₁ 002 | 1,021,000 | 4,510,551 | 9,200,100 | |
| 2015 (Restated) Canying value at beginning of year Plus additions at cost Less disposals Less depreciation/amortisation | LAND HELD FOR SALE 5,532,468 | LEASEHOLD IMPROVEMENTS 65,460 9,126 - (10,226) | PLANT & EQUIPMENT 1,002,794 717,072 (168,104) (353,699) | LAND 1,316,267 2,644 • - | BUILDINGS 4,663,231 46,814 - (101,198) | WIP 2,486,626 1,288,079 - | TOTAL 15,086,844 2,063,635 (168,104) (465,123) |
| Asset revaluation | | - | - | | | | |
| Carrying value at end of year | 5,532,466 | 64,360 | 1,198,062 | 1,318,611 | 4,608,847 | 3,774,705 | 16,497,251 |

NOTES TO AND FORMING PART OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2016

NOTE 9: INVESTMENT PROPERTY

| (a) Reconciliation of the carrying amounts of Investment Property: | 2016 | (Restated) 2016 |
|--|---|---|
| (NYESTMENT PROPERTY | \$ | \$ |
| Belance at the beginning of the year Acquisition of investment property Disposal of investment property Change in fair value of investment property Estence at the end of the year | 266,505,919 3,086,869 (1,106,493) 3,418,124 261,906,419 | 262,843,394 6,520,643 (1,484,500) (1,373,618) 266,505,919 |

(b) Affordable Housing Assets (classified as investment Property) are carried at their fair value at reporting date. Fair value has been determined based on council rates notices valuations undertaken in 2016, or alternative valuation sources where council valuations are not available. As at reporting date, 97% of investment property (by value) has been included at council valuation, 2% (property still under construction) is included at cost, and the remaining 1% is based on other independent valuations undertaken in July 2014. As at reporting date the Directors have assessed objective evidence to determine that the carrying value of investment Property is fair, based on current market date and subsequent appraisal of properties.

(c) The Director of Housing has a registered interest on the titles of the company's elfordable housing association properties. A registration of the Director's interest under the provisions of the Housing Act 1983 has the effect of preventing dealings in the title without the consent of the Director of Housing. 琪 is intended that the company will s键 be able to borrow against the asset and secure borrowing by mortgage. The company has a first registered mortgage over nominated affordable housing association tiles with The Bendigo and Adelalde Bank Limited.

| NOTE 10: OTHER NON CURRENT ASSETS | 2016 | 2016 |
|--|-----------|---------------------------------------|
| NOTE 10: OTHER ROLL COUNTRY LAGGET O | \$ | \$ |
| Housing subsidy menagement rights | 1,321,612 | 1,028,538 |
| Unitritify and anything the state of the sta | | |
| | | *** |
| NOTE 11: ACCOUNTS PAYABLE | 2018 | 2015 |
| | \$ | \$ |
| Unsecured liabilities | | |
| | 1,296,509 | 543,239 |
| Creditors and other payables | 279,970 | 516,385 |
| Accrued expenses | 1,576,479 | 1,059,624 |
| and the second s | 1,070,410 | |
| Refer to Note 22 for detailed information on linancial instruments. | | |
| • | • | |
| | 2018 | 2015 |
| NOTE 12: TAX LIABILITY / (ASSET) | \$ | \$ |
| | 195,674 | (147,258) |
| GST (Receivable)/payable | 190,484 | 92,799 |
| PAYG Tax Payable | 386,158 | (54,459) |
| | | · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · |
| · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · | | (Restated) |
| NOTE 13: EMPLOYEE BENEFITS | z016 | 2015 |
| A145-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1- | \$ | \$ |
| CURRENT | 748,154 | 617,219 |
| Provision for annual leave | 674,113 | 676,509 |
| Provision for long service leave | 1,422,267 | 1,293,728 |
| NON AUDDENT | ····· | |
| NON-CURRENT | 234,336 | 155,539 |
| Provision for long service leave | 234,335 | 155,539 |
| | | |
| Movements in the provision for employee benefits are as follows : | | |
| Opening balance | 1,449,267 | 1,076,788 |
| Additional provisions recognised | 871,125 | 968,919 |
| Amounta provider a recognista | (663,790) | (584,440) |
| WINANISE dans | 1,656,602 | 1,449,267 |
| | | |

Provision for employee benefits represents amounts accrued for annual leave and long service leave.

Provision for employee benefits represents amounts accrued for annual leave and long service leave.

The current portion for this provision includes the total amount accrued for annual feave entitlements and the amounts accrued for long service leave entitlements that have vested due to employees having completed the required period of service, Based on past experience, the company does not expect the full amount of annual leave or long service leave balances classified as current liabilities to be settled within the next 12 months. However, these amounts must be classified as current liabilities since the company does not have an unconditional right to defer the settlement of these amounts in the event employees wish to use their leave entitlement.

The non-current portion for this provision includes amounts accrued for long service leave entitlements that have not yet vested in relation to those employees who have not yet completed the required period of service.

In calculating the present value of future cash flows in respect of long service leave, the probability of long service leave being taken is based upon historical data. The measurement and recognition criteria for employee benefits have been discussed in Note 1(d).

NOTES TO AND FORMING PART OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2016

| NOTE 14: OTHER CURRENT LIABILITIES | 2016 | 2016 |
|--|------------------------|------------|
| Nota to otherwise and an analysis | \$ | \$ |
| Rents owing to owners | 213,130 | 207,337 |
| Committed income | 6,056,794 | 7,708,981 |
| GOMMING ATTOM | 6,269,924 | 7,916,318 |
| | | |
| NOTE 15: INTEREST BEARING LIABILITIES | 2016 | 2015 |
| | \$ | \$ |
| Current | 20,342 | 30,605 |
| Non Current | 49,271,428 | 49,196,487 |
| | 49,291,770 | 49,226,992 |
| | | |
| Loans to be paid as follows: | | |
| Wilhin One year | 20,342 | 30,505 |
| One to five years | 49,271,428 | 49,198,487 |
| | 49,291,770 | 49,226,992 |
| The interest-bearing debt is secured by a first registered mortgage over nominated freehold proposed in the interest bearing debt is secured by a first registered mortgage over nominated freehold proposed in the interest bearing debt is secured by a first registered mortgage over nominated freehold proposed in the interest bearing debt is secured by a first registered mortgage over nominated freehold proposed in the interest bearing debt is secured by a first registered mortgage over nominated freehold proposed in the interest bearing debt is secured by a first registered mortgage over nominated freehold proposed in the interest bearing debt is secured by a first registered mortgage over nominated freehold proposed in the interest by a first registered mortgage over nominated freehold proposed in the interest by a first registered mortgage over nominated freehold proposed in the interest by a first registered mortgage over nominated freehold proposed in the interest by a first registered mortgage over nominated freehold proposed in the interest by a first registered mortgage over nominated freehold proposed in the interest by a first registered mortgage over nominated freehold proposed in the interest by a first registered mortgage over nominated freehold proposed in the interest by a first registered mortgage over nominated freehold proposed in the interest by a first registered mortgage over nominated freehold proposed in the interest by a first registered mortgage over nominated freehold proposed in the interest by a first registered mortgage over nominated freehold proposed in the interest by a first registered mortgage over nominated freehold proposed in the interest by a first registered mortgage over nominated freehold proposed in the interest by a first registered mortgage over nominated freehold proposed in the interest by a first registered mortgage over nominated freehold proposed in the interest by a first registered mortgage over nominated freehold proposed in the interest by a first registered mor | nulace of the by Taros | · |
| 1012 10 01011 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 | | |
| Reconcillation of net cash provided by operating activities | | |
| with not result for the year | 2016 | 2015 |
| · · | \$ | \$ |
| Net result for the year | 6,315,469 | 2,640,370 |
| Non - cash flows in net result for the year | | |
| Amortisation | 321,487 | 10,226 |
| Depreciation | 484,476 | 454,898 |
| (Profit) / loss on disposal of Assats | 187,200 | 71,635 |
| Fair value gains on investment Properties | (3,418,124) | 1,373,618 |
| Changes in assets & liabilities | | |
| Decrease (increase) in receivables | (727,895) | (767,079) |
| Increase (decrease) in accounts payable | 516,865 | 22,368 |
| Increase (decrease) in tax liabilities / asset | 440,617 | (319,053) |
| Increase (decrease) in employee benefits provisions | 207,335 | 372,479 |
| increase (decrease) in other liabilities | (1,656,557) | 1,722,644 |
| Net cash provided by operating activities | 2,670,863 | 6,582,106 |

NOTE 17: MEMBERS GUARANTEE

The company is limited by guarantee. If the company is wound up, the Memorandum and Articles of Association states that every member is required to contribute a maximum of \$10 each towards meeting any outstanding obligations of the company. As at reporting date there were 10 full members (30/6/2015; 10 full members) to which the above provision applies. The maximum amount that the members of the company are required to contribute is \$100 (2015; \$100).

NOTE 18: RELATED PARTY DISCLOSURES

(a) Transactions between related parties are on normal commercial terms and conditions no more favourable than those available to other parties unless otherwise stated.

Mr Andrew Calms, a director, is an employee of Bendigo and Adetaide Bank Ltd which is the primary bank of FHS,

(b) The names of those who held a position as director of the company at any time during the year are as follows:

Sue Clarke Linda Dewar
Ken Belfrage Tony Bridge
William O'Nell Jan Boynton
Melanie Rogers David Brant
Andrew Calrns
John Murphy

NOTES TO AND FORMING PART OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2016

| NOTE 19: AUDITOR'S REMUNERATION | 2016 \$ | 2015 \$ |
|--|-------------------------|-----------------------------------|
| Remuneration of the auditor, Andrew Freyrin Stewart, of HHS: (I) for audit of the accounts (ii) for other services provided | 23,765 650 24,425 | 21,990 3,005 24,905 |
| NOTE 20; OPERATING LEASES | 2016 \$ | 2015 \$ |
| At the reporting date, HHS had the following obligations under non-cencellable operating leases for the commercial leasing of office premises by the company (these obligations are not recognised as liabilities at reporting date): | | |
| Wifhin one year One to five years Five years plus | 139,313 155,733 | 242,534 92,490 - 335,024 |
| At reporting date, HHS has no finance leases. | | |
| NOTE 21: COMMITMENTS | 2016 \$ | 2015 \$ |
| At the reporting date, HHS had entered into the following commitments in respect of construction and tend acquisition contracts relating to affordable housing properties (these obligations are not recognised as liabilities at reporting date): | | |
| Within one year One to five years Five years plus | 1,706,898 | 1,930,070 |

NOTE 22: FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT

The company's financial instruments consist mainty of deposits with banks, local money market instruments, short-tarm investments, accounts receivable and payable, borrowings and leases.

The carrying amounts for each category of financial instruments, measured in accordance with AASB 139 as detailed in the accounting policies to these financial statements, are as follows:

| | 2016 | 2015 |
|------------------------------|------------|-------------|
| | \$ | \$ |
| Financial Assets | | |
| Cash and cash equivalents | 6,255,664 | 7,395,145 |
| Trade and other receivables | 3,140,969_ | 2,413,074 |
| (1946 Stir patel (sectamons | 8,396,533 | 9,808,219 |
| Financial Liabilities | | 4 = 20 00 4 |
| Trade and other payables | 1,576,479 | 1,059,824 |
| Interest bearing liabilities | 49,291,770 | 49,226,992 |
| nitologic nantofa transcore | 50,868,249 | 60,286,616 |

Net Fair Values

The carrying value of financial assets and liabilities are equivalent to their net fair values.

NOTE 23: DOMICILE AND LEGAL FORM

Loddon Mailee Housing Services Lid is a company limited by guarantee that is incorporated in Australia and operates under the trading name Haven; Home, Safe (HHS).

naung nature navan, rome, sale (1815). The registered office of the principal place of business (head office) is located at 10-16 Forest Street Bendigo.

NOTE 24: CONTINGENT LIABILITIES AND CONTINGENT ASSETS

HHS is party to a "Funding Deed" with the Director of Housing. The Funding Deed provides the mechanism with which HHS obtains funding from the Victorian State Government for the purpose of funding capital projects to achieve the Victorian State Government's and HHS's objective of providing affordable rental housing to tenants on low Incomes. HHS received capital grants during the year.

These amounts are included at note 3 - Capital Grants. The Funding Deed provides that if the Funding Deed or any project funded under the Funding Deed is terminated for any reason, HHS is required to repay to the Director of Housing within 30 days of termination, the Director's proportion of the market value of the terminated projects and properties acquired under the Funding Deed. The Director's proportion is calculated as the "Total funds by the Director/Market value at the time funding provided of property and assets acquired with funding x current market value of property and assets acquired with funding." The directors are not ewere of any circumstances that currently exist to cause the Funding Deed to be terminated.

LODDON MALLEE HOUSING SERVICES LTD HAVEN; HOME, SAFE 28 081 883 623 DIRECTORS' REPORT

The directors submit the financial accounts of the company for the year ended 30 June 2016.

DIRECTORS

The names of each person who has been a director during the year and to the date of this report are;

Sue Clerke Kun Belfrage William O'Nell Melanie Rogers Andrew Calms John Murphy Linda Dewar Tony Bridge

Janet Boynlon David Brant

Directors have been in office since the start of the financial year to the date of this report unless otherwise stated.

PRINCIPAL ACTIVITIES & OBJECTIVES

The principal activities of the company in the course of the year were to provide assistance to those who are homeless or at risk of becoming homeless; providing direct relief to those in poverty, This support was provided in the form of:-

(i) Short-term housing through our Transitional Housing Program,

(ii) Direct client support through a range of support programs including Homeless Case Management, Home Based Psychiatric Programs, Community Connections, Housing Support for the Agad, Intensive Case Management, Saverplus & Supported Residential Services Programs,

(III) Direct financial assistance through our Housing Establishment Fund, Emergency Relief grants and Flexible Care Funds,

(iv) Provision of affordable housing to low and moderate-income families in Victoria.

No significant change in the nature of these activities occurred during the year.

REVIEW OF OPERATIONS

A review of the operations of the company during the financial year and the results of those operations is as follows:

The operating surplus for the company for the year ended 30 June 2016 was \$6,315,469. This result has been determined after application of Australian Accounting Standard AASB 118 - Revenue.

SIGNIFICANT CHANGES IN STATE OF AFFAIRS

There have been no significant changes in the state of affairs during the year.

AFTER BALANCE DATE EVENTS

There are no matters or circumstances that have arison since the end of the financial year that have significantly affected or may significantly affect the operations of the company or the state of affairs of the company in future years.

ENVIRONMENTAL ISSUES

The entity's operations are not regulated by any significant environmental regulation under a law of the Commonwealth or of a state or territory.

MEMBER'S GUARANTEE

The company is limited by guarantee. If the company is wound up, the Memorandum and Articles of Association states that each member is required to contribute a maximum of \$10 each towards meeting any outstanding obligations of the company. As at 30 June 2016 there were 10 full members to which the above provision applies. The total amount the members of the company are required to contribute is \$100.

DIRECTOR'S PARTICULARS

Qualifications, experience, and other information. (a)

Sue Clarke Qualifications: Experience:

Chairperson Grad Dlp. Business, Grad Dlp. S.Science, GAICD, Executive Fellow ANZSOG, Graduate AMC CMC. Director since November 2010, also currently a Director of Bendigo Health Care Group, Loddon Malleg Medicare Locals Ltd trading as Murray PHN, Ambulance Victoria, Member of AICD Bendigo Advisory Board, and Owner & Director of Nillumbik Austrelia P/L trading as The Light Switch. Over thirty five years experience in Community Sector Leadership and Management, fifteen years experience as a company director and governance.

John Murphy Qualifications: Director

Bachelor Of Arts, University of Melbourne, MAICD Director since 2001, Army Officer, 40 years experience in public administration, community service

Experience:

delivery and the Defence Force.

William O'Nell Qualifications: Experiences

Director

Bachelor of Arts (Urban & Regional Studies), Curtain University, Western Australia, MAICD Director since 2012, Owner/Director O'Neil Pollock & Associates Pty Ltd for 19 years providing specialist services in the fields of strategic town planning and local and regional economic development facilitation. Director on the Board of Collian Water Corporation.

Tony Bridge Qualifications: Experience:

Director

B. Bus. (Econ), MBA (Monash), FAICD

Director, Bridge Advisory Group Pty Ltd. Director, Bridge Sinclair Brook Pty Ltd. Director of LMHS since 2007. Founding Partner - Burns Bridge Group (now Curris & Brown), strategic advisory and project management business since 1986, involvement in strategic advisory in various sectors, but with specific interest in affordable housing, retirement/aged care, health, church/not for profits, and others. In 2013 founded Bridge Advisory Group, an entity that provides specialist advisory and transaction services for the aged card and seniors living sector in Australia, China and other parts of Asla.

Melanie Rogers

Director

Qualifications: Experience:

B.Sc Dip.Bus. Grad Cert, H.J. Grad Cert Prof. Acc., GAICD

Director since 2012, Formarly Governance Manager, Mount Alexander Shire Council, 25 years experience in public administration, human resources and governance. Ten years previous Board experience. Eurrently Director Bellarine Bayside Foreshore Committee of Management.

Ken Belfrage Qualifications Director

Dip.Bus. Studies, FCA, GAICD

Experience:

Director since 2010, Company director with current roles on a number of hoards and committees,

Chartered Accountant with 34 years experience in public practice.

Andrew Calms Qualifications: Director

Bachelor of Engineering (Electrical), GAICD

Experience:

Director since November 2010, 18 years experience in senior management roles, currently Chief Executive Officer of Community Sector Banking which is a joint venture between Bendigo and Adelaide Bank Limited and Community 21 Pty Ltd that specialises in providing financial solutions to

the Not For Profit Sector.

Linda Desvar

Director

Qualifications

Grad Dip. Arts CMC (Monash), MAICD.

Director since November 2010. Broad based senior executive with extensive business, financial and Experiences general management experience in the NFP, financial services sector and IT industry across both public and private sector. Fifteen years experience as a serving Board Member across a diversity of

interests.

David Brant Qualifications: Experiences

Director

Bachelor of Engineering (Mechanical), Post Graduate Diploma Business Administration, FAICD. Director since September 2014, Chair Milliumblk Community Health Services, Business Interests in renewable energy and manufacturing sectors. Extensive experience in non-executive and senior

executive roles in the not-for-profit sector and private enterprise.

Janet Boyaton Qualifications: Experiences

Director

BTRP [Meib], Grad. Dip Aust. Institute Company Directors, FAICO, FPIA

Director since April 2015. Has an extensive background working in exacutive positions in State and Local Government. Is a former board member of Bendigo Health, CFA and La Trobe Liniversity

Council.

DIRECTOR MEMBERSHIP OF BOARD SUB-COMMITTEES

| | Tony Bridge | Ken Belfrage | Linda Dewar | Sue Clarke | William O'Nell | Andrew Caltus | Melanie Rogers | John Murphy | Janet Boynton | David Brant |
|---|-------------|--------------|----------------|------------|-------------------|------------------|-------------------|----------------|------------------|----------------|
| Remuneration & Assessment Committee | · | | x | х | | х | | | | х |
| Risk Committee | , | | х | х | × | | x | x | | |
| Corporate Strategy & Governance Committee | χ | х | | х | х | х | | | х | x |
| Finance & Audit Committee | х | Х | | X | | | х | Х | | |

DIRECTOR'S MEETINGS

During the financial year 14 meetings of directors were held. Attendances were:

| Director's Name | Number ettended | Number eligible to attend |
|--------------------|--------------------|---------------------------------|
| Sue Ciarke | 14 | 14 |
| Ken Belfrage | 13 | 14 |
| William O'Nell | 13 | 14 |
| Melanie Rogets | . 14 | 14 |
| Andrew Calras | . 11 | 14 |
| John Murphy | 10 | 14 |
| Linda Dewar | 11 | . 14 |
| Tony Bridge | 8 | 14 |
| lan Boynton | 13 | 14 |
| David Brant | 14 | 14 |

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE

The Board facilitates the Identification of significant areas of business risk, implements procedures to manage such risks and develops policies regarding the establishment and maintenance of appropriate ethical standards. The Board develops the overall strategic direction of the company and monitors the achievement of this, and the management of the company, using a policy governance framework. Their specific role is to ensure compilance in legal, statutory, and athical matters; monitor the business environment; identify business risk areas; identify business opportunities and monitor systems established to ensure prompt and appropriate responses to customer complaints and enquiries.

Remuneration:

| Total remuneration | \$0 to \$9,999 | \$10,800 to \$19,999 | \$20,000 to \$29,999 |
|---------------------|----------------|----------------------|----------------------|
| Number of directors | 0 | 9 | 1 |
| | | | |

In the previous financial year remuneration was as follows:

| Total remuneration | \$0 to \$9,999 | \$10,000 to \$19,999 |
|---------------------|----------------|----------------------|
| Number of directors | 9 | 1 |

AUDIT INDEPENDENCE DECLARATION

A copy of the Auditor's Independence Declaration as required under the Australian Charities and Not-For-Profits Commissions Act 2012 is set out on page X.

BENEFITS UNDER CONTRACTS WITH DIRECTOR'S

Transactions between related parties are on normal commercial terms and conditions no more favourable than those available to other parties unless otherwise stated.

This declaration is signed in accordance with a resolution of the Board of Directors.

Sue Clarke - Chalrpers

Dated this day

LODDON MALLEE HOUSING SERVICES LTD HAVEN; HOME, SAFE 28 081 883 623 DIRECTORS' DECLARATION

The directors of the company declare that:

- 1. The financial statements and notes, as set out on pages XX to XX are in accordance with the Australian Charities and Not-for-profits Commission Act 2012 and:
 - (a) comply with Accounting Standards being the Australian equivalent to International Financial Reporting Standards (A-IFRS) and the Corporations Regulations 2011; and
 - (b) give a true and fair view of the company's financial position as at 30 June 2016 and of its performance for the year ended on that date; and
- 2. In the director's opinion there are reasonable grounds to believe that the company will be able to pay its debts as and when they become due and payable.

This declaration is made in accordance with a resolution of the Board of Directors.

Sue Clarke- Chairperson

Dated this day

2016